

Resources

Midwestern University:

Title IX Coordinator Dr. Kosinski	623-572-3329
Counseling Center	623-572-3629
Student Services	623-572-3210
Manager Residence Life	623-572-3848
Campus Security	623-572-3201

Off Campus:

Emergency	911
Glendale Police Non-emergency	623-930-3000
Glendale Family Advocacy Center Family Shelter A Division of the GPD	623-930-3720
Victim Assistance	623-930-3030
Scottsdale Healthcare Free Sexual Assault Exam	480-312-6339
Domestic Violence Shelter Hotline	602-263-8900
Child Protective Services	888-767-2445
Adult Protective Services	877-767-2385
Empact-SPC: Trauma Sexual Assault Hotline	480-736-4949
Trauma Healing Services Sexual Assault/Abuse/DV Hotline	800-656-HOPE

Additional Information on Sexual Misconduct Policies and Procedures can be found in the Midwestern University Student Handbook at <http://mwunet.midwestern.edu/administrative/SS/ssStuHandbook.htm>

WHAT TO DO IF
YOU ARE
SEXUALLY
ASSAULTED

Midwestern University

19555 N 59th Ave
Glendale, AZ 85308

Midwestern University

Office of Student Services
TEL: 623-572-3210

Definition of Sexual Assault:

MWU uses the State of AZ's definitions for sexual misconduct.

Sexual Assault is a form of sexual misconduct.

Sexual assault - A person commits sexual assault by intentionally or knowingly engaging in sexual intercourse or oral sexual contact with any person without consent of such person.

Sexual Contact – direct or indirect touching, fondling, or manipulation of any part of the genitals, anus, or female breasts by any part of the body or by any object OR causing a person to engage in such contact

Oral sexual contact – oral contact with penis, vulva, or anus

Sexual intercourse – penetration into the penis, vulva, or anus by any part of the body or by an object OR masturbatory contact with the penis or vulva

Victim is coerced by the immediate use or threatened use of force against a person or property

Victim is *incapable of consent* by reason of mental disorder or defect, drugs, alcohol, sleep OR any other similar impairment of cognition AND such condition is known or should have reasonably been known

Victim is *intentionally deceived* as to the nature of the act

Dating violence, domestic violence, sexual abuse, sexual harassment and stalking are also forms of sexual misconduct. If you are the victim of these behaviors, please contact Student Services at 623-572-3210 or the Dean of Students at 623-572-3329.

What to Do if You Are Sexually Assaulted.

Go to a safe place. Call a family member or friend to be with you for support.

If you are on campus, call Security at 623-572-3201. If you are off-campus, call the police at 911. You should report the incident. You do not have to make a decision about future prosecution at this time, but filing a report will make it easier if you wish to do so. Write down as much as you can remember regarding the incident.

It is extremely important to preserve any evidence related to the crime as it may be necessary to provide proof of the assault. Do not bathe or shower, douche, use the restroom, change clothes, comb his/her hair, brush your teeth or gargle, change clothes, clean up the crime scene or move or touch anything the offender may have touched. If you do change clothes, place the clothes you were wearing during the assault into a paper bag (not plastic). Seek out medical care from a hospital emergency room or specialized clinic. You will need to be tested for sexually transmitted diseases, possible date rape drugs and discuss the possibility of pregnancy. The medical facility should take steps to preserve any evidence of the assault.

After the Assault

Remember that sexual assault is **never** your fault.

Give yourself time to heal.

Seek out counseling from on-campus or off-campus resources. MWU counselors will maintain confidentiality unless you grant them permission to disclose. The counselors can also assist with providing University resources.

How to Support a Friend Who Is a Victim

- Listen
- Believe your friend
- Do not be judgmental or critical
- Encourage your friend to seek medical attention and/or counseling
- Remind your friend that it is not their fault
- Allow your friend to express their emotions so they can feel in control
- Provide support and a safe environment if your friend is frightened or uneasy